

Don A. Singletary's

PATTERNS FOR PROFIT

AN INTRODUCTION TO SEASONAL COMMODITY TRADING

Ultra-Low Delta High-Probability Trading



Mankind first walked the Earth about 200,000 years ago. If 200 thousand years was reduced down to one hour, the cell phone you own would have been invented .18 seconds ago, about the time it takes to blink your eyes.



A lot of things have changed lately.
So has investing.

- **Featuring Popular Seasonal Price Patterns for Profits**
- **The #1 Options Income Strategy in the World**
- **How You Can Make Money Every Month While You Sleep**
- **Ultra-Low Delta / High-Probability for Personal Investors**

PLUS: 14 Historical Commodity Price Pattern Charts FREE



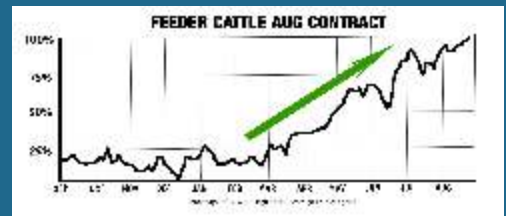
Making Mother Nature
Your Business Partner is a
Smart Move



Patterns for Profit



The Stock Market is Not the Only Game in Town Anymore
Digital Progress now allows Personal Investors
investing online the same strategies that only
the Pro's and the Wealthy have used for years.



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Ultra-Low Delta High-Probability Trading

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The commentary and examples are for teaching purposes only and are not intended to be a trading or trade advisory service. Any investments, trades, and/or speculations made in light of the ideas, opinions, and/or forecasts, expressed or implied herein on the web site and/or newsletter, are committed at your own risk, financial or otherwise. Trading with leverage could lead to greater loss than your initial deposit. Trade at your own risk. Investors and traders are responsible for their own investment/trading decisions including entries, exits, position, sizing and use of stops or lack thereof. This is not a trade advisory service and is for educational purposes only.

Free Research from USDA [WASDE Reports](#)

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14 FREE Seasonal Price Pattern Charts [Seasonal Price Patterns to Inform Trading](#)

Seasonal Basics of Agricultural Commodities

The growing and harvesting seasons are Mother Nature's gift to the Commodity trader. They allow a certain predictability of supply and demand and the timing of price movements.

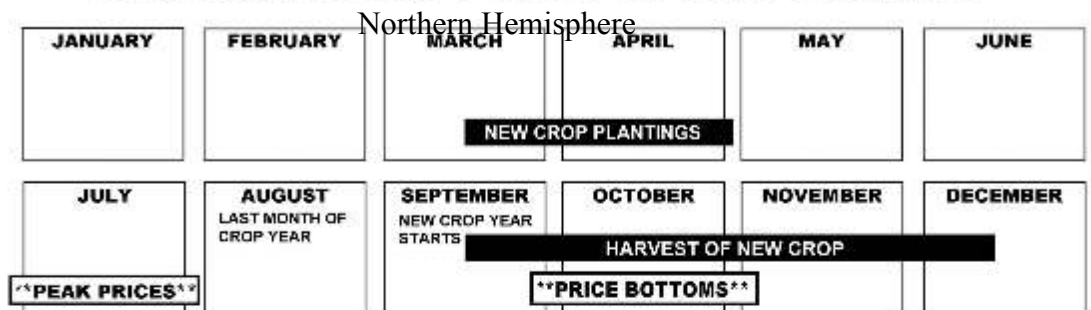
Every year there are more than 30 seasonal price patterns in just a half dozen commodity markets and each one presents an opportunity to profit. It takes more than just a chart to trade but it helps to know which way Mother Nature's winds are blowing. Understanding season price patterns is a key component of trading.

Economics 101

There is a natural ebb and flow of supply and demand in crops that must be planted every year. Each year as the new crop is planted, the stocked supplies are dwindling down. Supply is stopped. Yet the new crop outcome depends on yield, growing conditions, pollination, temperature, and is susceptible to flood, drought, and other factors. This is why - in most of corn's crop cycles, the commodity contracts for the new crop bounty are at higher prices at the time when the new crop is in the ground, a time when the harvest is not yet advanced to replenish stocks of the commodity.

As harvest progresses, the risk gets lower and prices come down.

Seasonal CORN Prices of DEC Contract



The world's two largest corn producing nations, the United States and China, lie in the Northern Hemisphere. These corn farmers are forced by the seasons into harvesting their corn in the final four months of the calendar year. This barrage of supply occurs over a period of about 12 weeks from mid-September into mid-December. Economics 101 - Supply/Demand. As the growing season of risk turns to harvest and an entire year's worth of global corn supply come to market - the DEC corn contract prices bottom during the last four months of the calendar year. Most often the bottom is in October. Conversely, corn is planted in the spring and the crop is at risk of drought, flood, and temperature/pollination during the summer months with a peak price for the DEC contract in May-July, most often in July. These price peaks are during the time that the new crop is still at risk, while the stocks of corn from the previous year are dwindling.

15 YEAR HISTORICAL AVERAGE SMOOTHED-LINE FOR DECEMBER CORN CONTRACT



The left margin vertical axis is not the price but the percentage of the average prices over the 15-year price history of this contract.

CORN

Northern Hemisphere Crop Calendar

JANUARY	FEBRUARY	MARCH	APRIL	MAY	JUNE
		NEW CROP PLANTINGS			
JULY	AUGUST	SEPTEMBER	OCTOBER	NOVEMBER	DECEMBER
***PEAK PRICES**	LAST MONTH OF CROP YEAR	NEW CROP YEAR STARTS	HARVEST OF NEW CROP		
			PRICE BOTTOMS		

The world's two largest corn producing nations, the United States and China, lie in the Northern Hemisphere. These corn farmers are forced by the seasons into harvesting their corn in the final four months of the calendar year. This barrage of supply occurs over a period of about 12 weeks from mid-September into mid-December. Economics 101 - Supply/Demand: As the growing season of risk turns to harvest an entire year's worth of global corn supply comes to market - and the DEC corn contract prices bottom *during the last four months of the calendar year*. Most often the bottom is in October. Corn is planted in the spring and the crop is at risk of drought, flood, and temperature/pollination during the summer months with a peak price for the DEC contract in May-July, most often in July. These price peaks are during the time that the new crop is still at risk, while the stocks of corn from the previous year are dwindling. Marketing Year: October-September

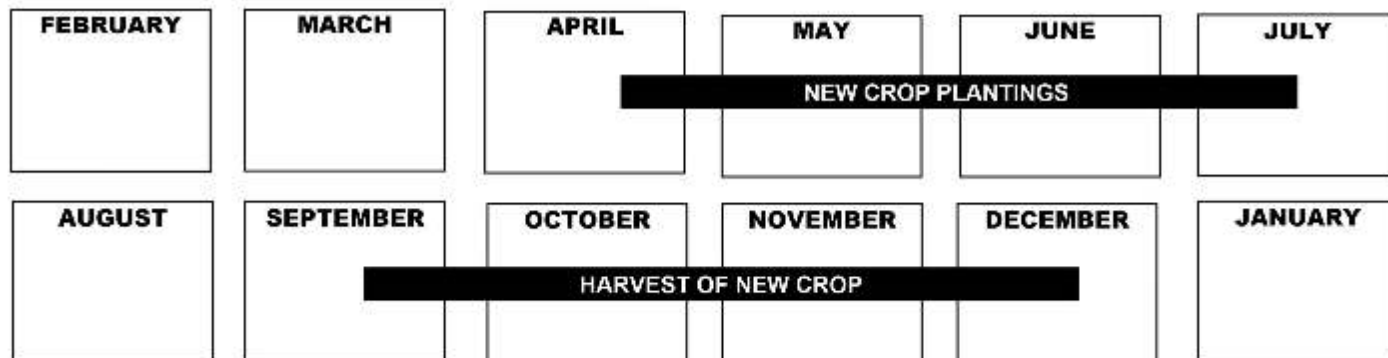
Contract Specifications for CBOT Corn Futures (ZC)

EXCHANGE	Chicago Mercantile Exchange (CME)
CONTRACT UNIT:	5,000 BUSHELS (~127 metric tons)
PRICING QUOTATION:	Cents per bushel in ¼ cent increments (.25 cents)
OPTION QUOTATION:	Cents per bushel in 1/8 cent increments (.125 cents)
One cent per bushel value = US\$ 50.00	
¼ cent = \$12.50	1/8 cent = \$6.25



SOYBEAN

Northern Hemisphere Crop Calendar



Contract Specifications for SOYBEAN Futures (ZS)

CONTRACT UNIT: 5,000 BUSHEL (136 metric tons)

PRICING QUOTATION:

Cents per bushel ¼ cent increments

OPTION QUOTATION:

Cents per bushel in 1/8 cent increments

One cent per bushel value = US\$ 50.00

¼ cent = \$12.50 1/8 cent = \$6.25

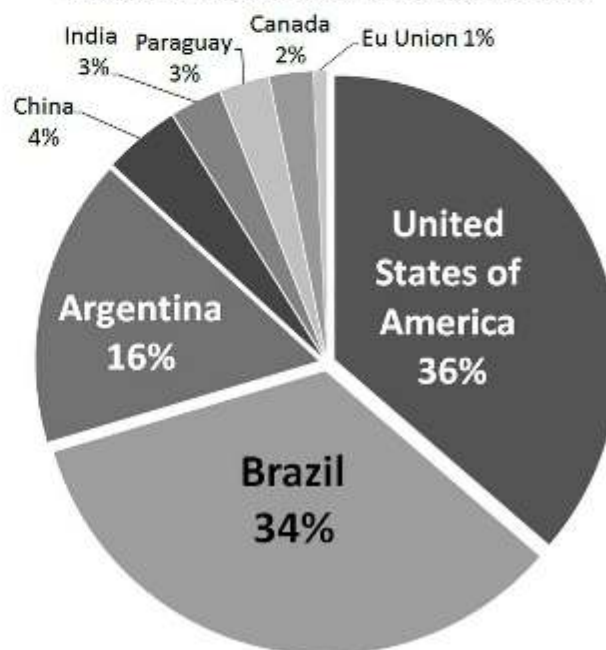
CBOT Soybean trades the following contracts:

January (F), March (H), May (K), July (N), August (Q),
September (U) & November (X)

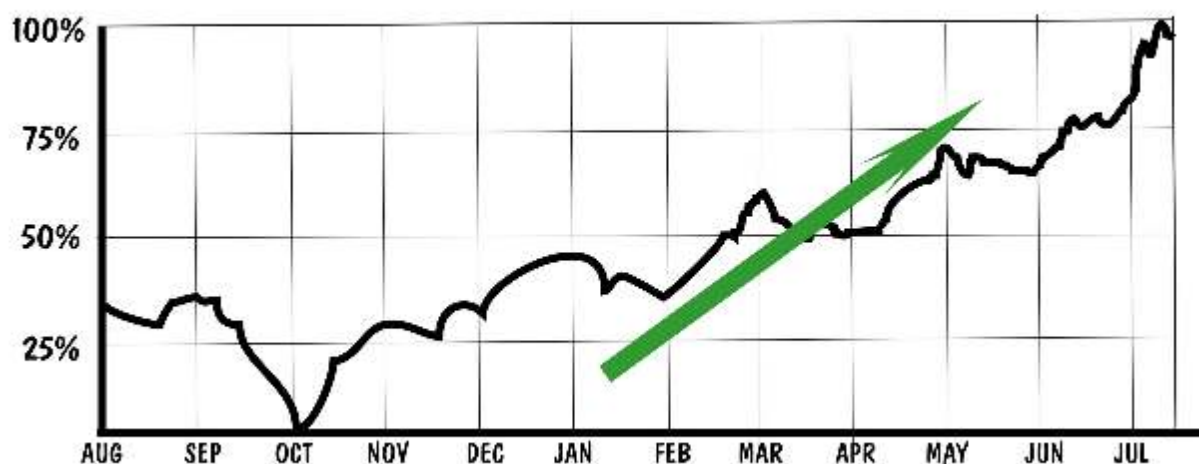
Marketing Year: September - August

First Contract for New Crop: November

WORLD SOYBEAN PRODUCTION



SOYBEAN JUL CONTRACT



Percentage of Low-to-High of the Average 15-Year price



COTTON No. 2

Contract Specifications for COTTON No. 2 Futures (CT)

EXCHANGE	Intercontinental Exchange (ICE)
CONTRACT UNIT:	50,000 pounds net weight
PRICING QUOTATION:	Cents and hundredths of a cent per pound
Minimum price fluctuation:	1/100 th of a cent per pound (\$5.00 per contract)
OPTION QUOTATION:	Cents and hundredths of a cent per pound
Minimum price fluctuation:	1/100 th of a cent per pound (one 'point')

It takes more than a seasonal price pattern alone to trade successfully. Commodities and options can be risky and substantial losses can occur. This type of trading is not appropriate for everyone.



COTTON OCT CONTRACT



Percentage of Low to High of the Average 15-Year Price



NATURAL GAS (NG)

Contract Specifications for Natural Gas Futures (NG)

CONTRACT UNIT: Unit 10,000 million British thermal units (mmBtu)

PRICING QUOTATION: U.S. dollars and cents per mmBtu

Minimum Price Fluctuation: \$0.001 per MMBtu

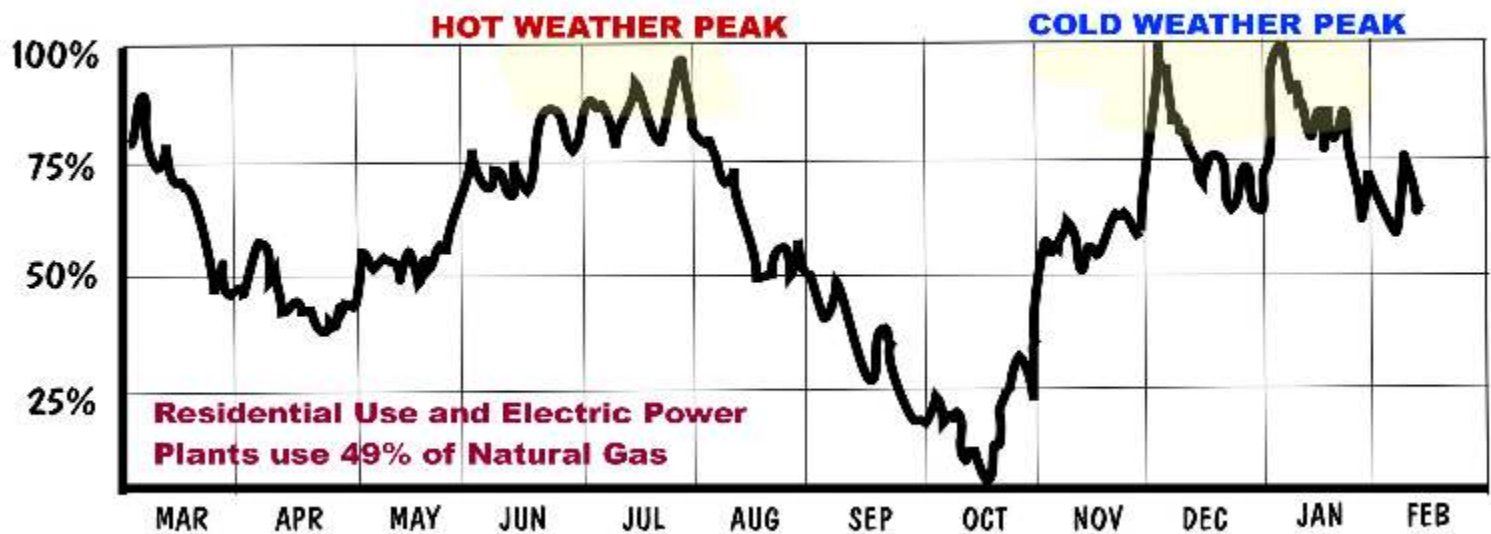
OPTION QUOTATION: U.S. dollars and cents per mmBtu

0.001 = \$10 0.01 = \$100 0.10 = \$1,000 1.00 = \$10,000

Natural gas futures prices are based on delivery at the Henry Hub in Louisiana, thus a often called Henry Hub Natural Gas Futures. There are two types of contacts traded, one called PHYSICAL used by sellers and buyers of this product, and the other contract for traders of the futures and options is called the FINANCIAL contract. Make sure, as an investor, you use the FINANCIAL type contract.

Everyone understands that it is easier to sail with the wind instead of against it. You can't trade solely on price trends but it helps to know when the high and low tides are coming.

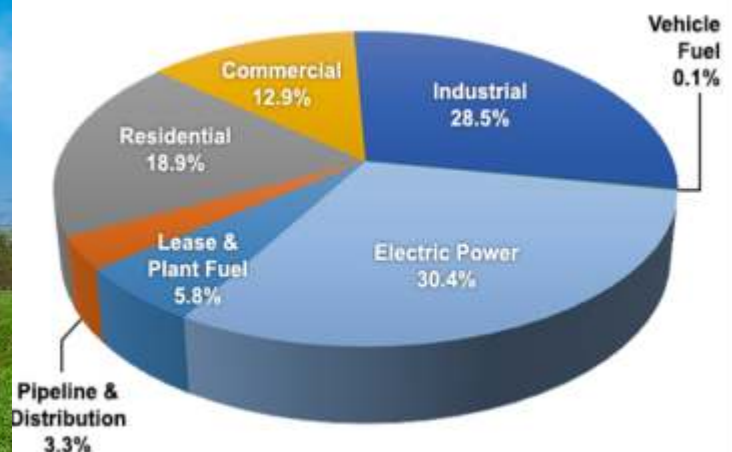
15-YEAR AVG SEASONAL PRICE TREND NATURAL GAS PRICES



The left margin vertical axis is not the price but the percentage of the average prices.



2014 U.S. NatGas Consumption By End Use



Source: EIA, NGI's Daily GPI calculations

Natural Gas Facts:

Natural gas is a colorless odorless gaseous hydrocarbon and may be stored in different ways. It is mostly commonly held in inventory underground under pressure in three types of facilities. These underground facilities are depleted reservoirs in oil and/or natural gas fields, aquifers, and salt cavern formations. It is also stored in above-ground tanks.

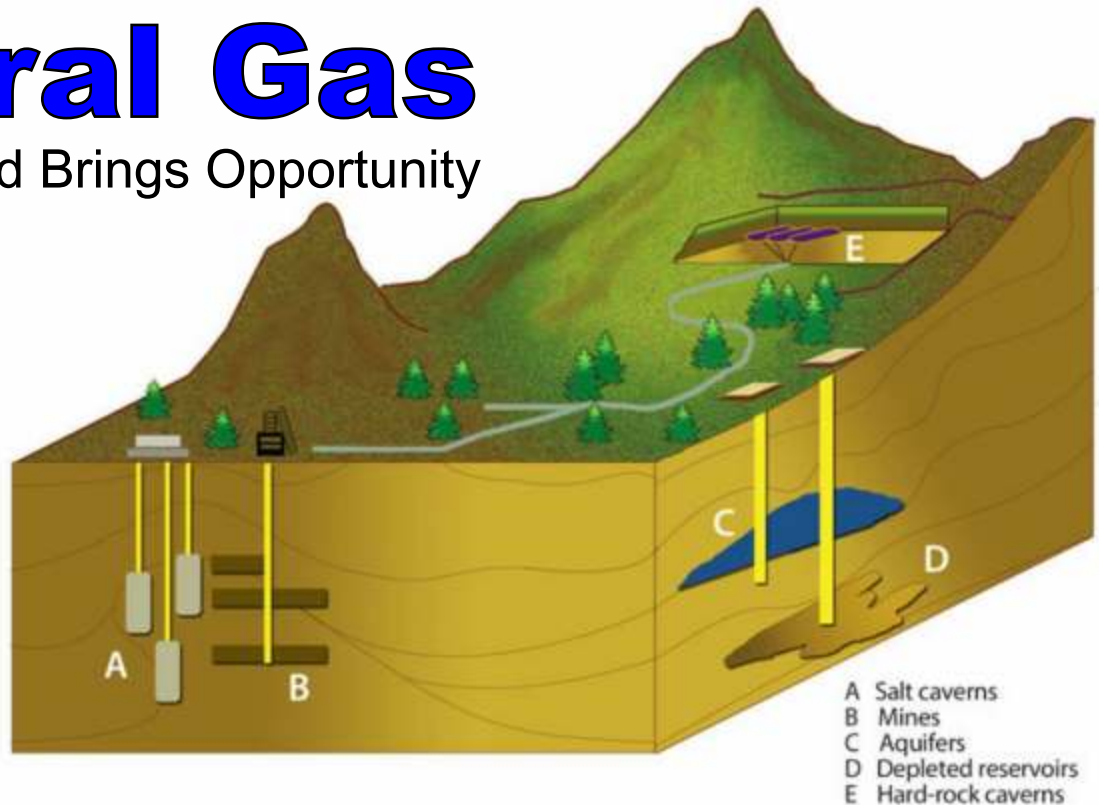
See EIA.gov

Natural Gas

Seasonal Trend Brings Opportunity

Natural Gas (NG)
is traded on the NYMEX
AKA: Henry Hub NG
Each contract is:
10,000 MMBtu and the
Price is quoted in
\$US per mmBtu

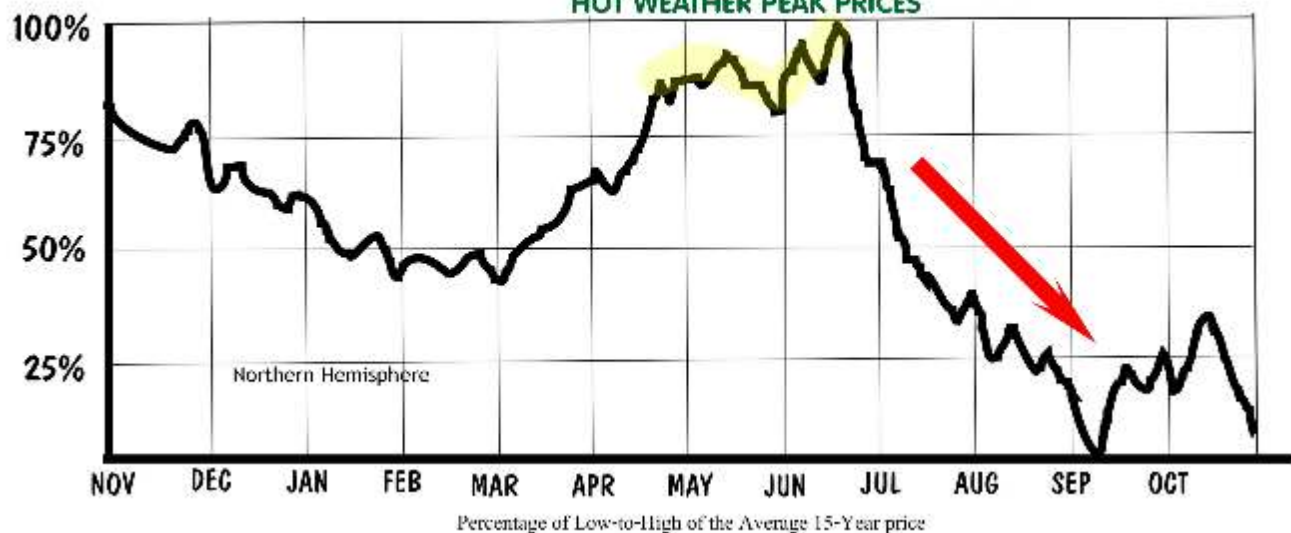
Weather is a large
Influence in NG prices.



Source: PB-KBB, Inc., enhanced by EIA.

NATURAL GAS NOV CONTRACT

HOT WEATHER PEAK PRICES



Natural Gas prices tend to peak as hot weather sets in for the North American Summer (increased demand.) In this chart the NOV contract (15-year avg) peak between MAY and JULY - and then declines into the Fall season.

CRUDE OIL (CL)

JANUARY	FEBRUARY	MARCH	APRIL	MAY	JUNE
REFINERY MAINTENANCE AND RE-TOOLING FOR GASOLINE FOR EPA COMPLIANCE			RBOB GAS PRICES SEASONAL RISE		
			SUMMER BLEND REQUIREMENTS BY EPA.		

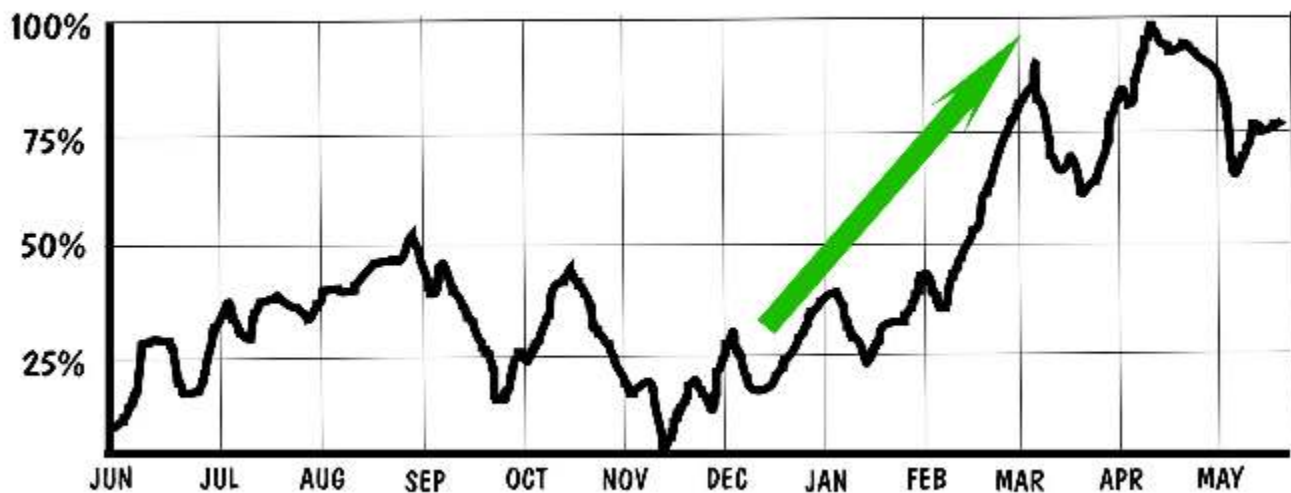
Contract Specifications for Light Sweet Crude Oil Futures (CL)

CONTRACT UNIT: 1,000 barrels PRICE QUOTATION: \$US dollars and cents per barrel
Minimum Fluctuation: \$0.01 per barrel (contracts and options).

Crude Oil demand generally goes down the first of the year in winter, a time period of less driving and also when gasoline refinery maintenance is done - and the reconfiguration for the switch to summer-blend fuels which are more expensive to produce. The petroleum industry's switchover to summer-blend fuels (an EPA requirement) is a process that begins each February and ends June 1st. Demand for Crude increases as more people begin traveling in the spring and summertime. Gas prices generally peak around Memorial Day as Crude prices rise from spring until then end of summer as demand levels off for the year.

Obviously, many other factors influence Crude Oil prices: OPEC production quotas & compliance, international threats that can interrupt supply, the United States shale oil production, changes in regulations, international sanctions & treaties, and domestic and world demand for ethanol for blending.

CRUDE JUN CONTRACT

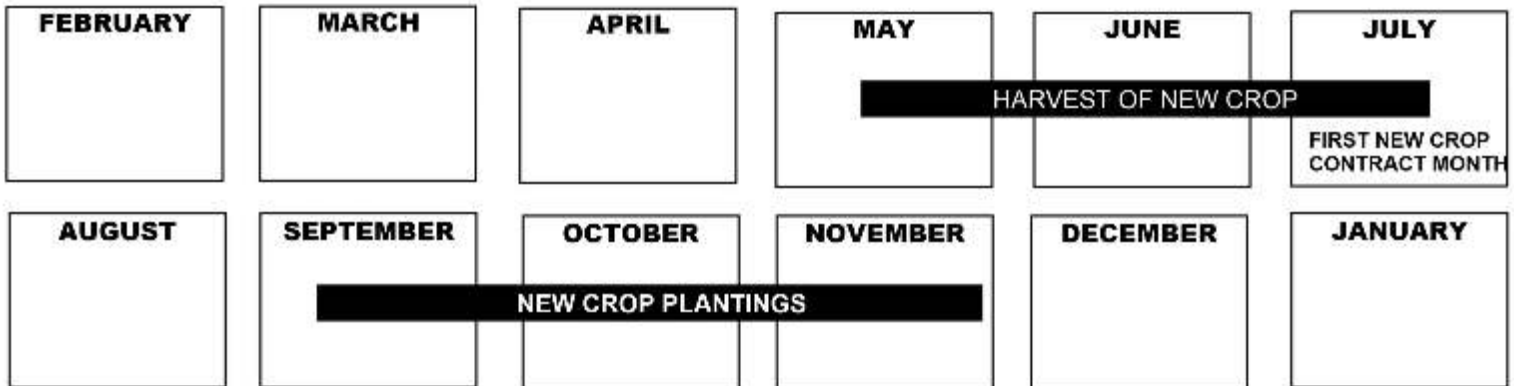


Percentage of Low-to-High of the Average 15-Year price



WHEAT KCBT

Northern Hemisphere Crop Calendar



Contract Specifications for KCBT Wheat Futures (KE)

CONTRACT UNIT: 5,000 BUSHEL (≈127 metric tons)

PRICING QUOTATION:

Cents per bushel ¼ cent increments

OPTION QUOTATION:

Cents per bushel in 1/8 cent increments

One cent per bushel value = US\$ 50.00

¼ cent = \$12.50 1/8 cent = \$6.25

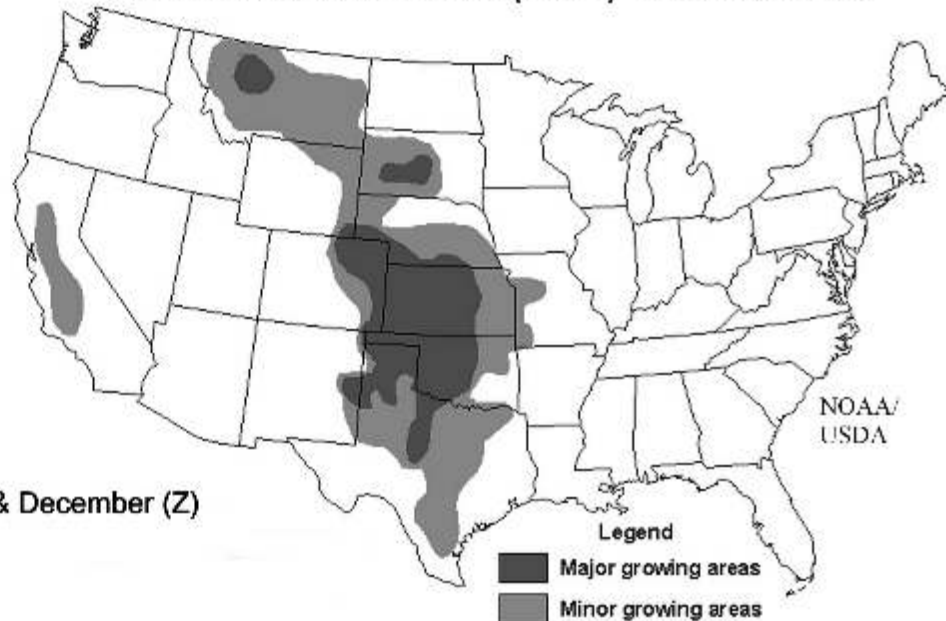
KCBT is also called: KC HRW

Kansas City Hard Red Winter Wheat

KCBT Wheat trades the following contracts:

March (H), May (K), July (N), September (U) & December (Z)

Hard Red Winter Wheat (HRW) United States

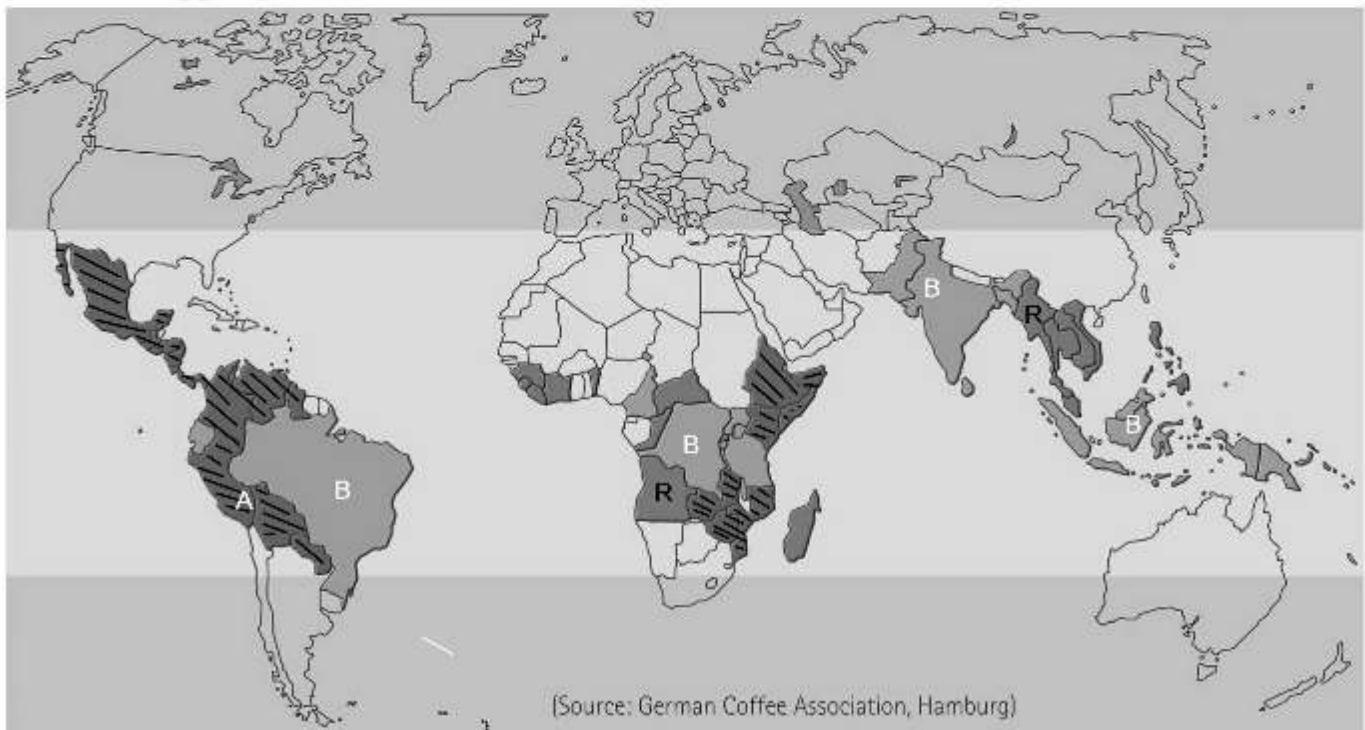


COFFEE

Contract Specifications for Coffee Futures (KC)

EXCHANGE	Intercontinental Exchange (ICE)
CONTRACT UNIT:	37,500 pounds
PRICING QUOTATION:	Cents and hundredths of a cent up to two decimal places
Minimum price fluctuation:	5/100 cent/lb., equivalent to \$18.75 per contract.
OPTION QUOTATION:	Cents and hundredths of a cent up to two decimal places
Minimum price fluctuation:	1/100 cent/lb, equivalent to \$3.75 per contract

The Coffee belt

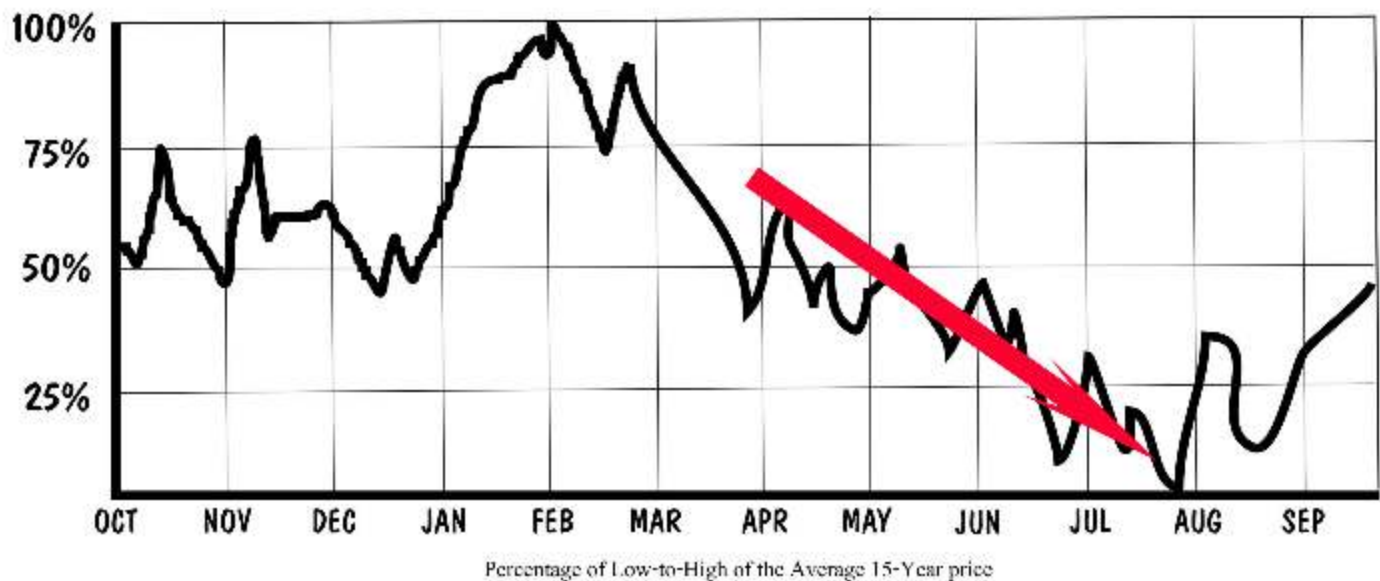


R 100 % Robusta A 100 % Arabica 100 % Robusta & Arabica B = both



There are literally dozens of seasonal trades all during the year.

COFFEE SEP CONTRACT



Trading futures and options involves the risk of loss. Please consider carefully whether futures or options are appropriate to your financial situation. The content in this publication is subject to change at any time without notice, and is provided for the sole purpose of assisting traders to make independent investment decisions. We have taken reasonable measures to ensure the accuracy of the information here, but there is no guarantee of its accuracy.



SellingCommodityOptions.com

The Components of Ultra-Low Delta High-Probability Option Trading

- Seasonal Price Patterns
- Fundamental Research
- Higher Leverage than Stock Options
- Trade Selection
- Ultra-Low Delta / High-Probability

Our cell phones, tablets, and laptops - prized possessions that enable us to communicate in text, video, and photos to anyone in the world, navigate by GPS, and instantly search thousands of sources on any subject you can imagine for instant information - have also brought us to a new paradigm in personal investing. I'll show you ways to use your broker's free software to select trades with a 90% - 95% success rate. I am not a broker or trade advisor, I am a writer and educator. I'll send you FREE 5 months of my personal actual trades, each with charts, historical data, and commentary. No credit/debit card required - only your name and email. You get 3 months of back issues of my newsletter and the next two months in real-time (same day), that's five months of my trades and the actual results FREE. You don't risk a penny to learn- Don A. Singletary Free trial now at: <http://TimeFarming.com>



FEEDER CATTLE

Contract Specifications for Feeder Cattle Futures (GF) CME

CONTRACT UNIT: 50,000 pounds (~23 metric tons)

PRICING QUOTATION: Cents per Pound \$0.01

Minimum Increments: \$0.00025 per pound (= \$12.50 per contract)

50,000 pounds X \$0.00025 = \$12.50 Note: 0.00025 dollars = 0.025 cents

OPTION QUOTATION: Cents per pound

Minimum Price Fluctuation: Full Tick = \$ 0.00025 (= \$12.50 per contract)

Half Tick = \$0.000125 (= \$6.25)

FEEDER CATTLE AUG CONTRACT



WHEAT CBOT

Northern Hemisphere Crop Calendar

JANUARY	FEBRUARY	MARCH	APRIL	MAY	JUNE
		NEW CROP PLANTINGS			LAST MONTH OF CROP YEAR
JULY	AUGUST	SEPTEMBER	OCTOBER	NOVEMBER	DECEMBER
NEW CROP YEAR STARTS	HARVEST OF NEW CROP				

Contract Specifications for CBOT Wheat Futures (ZW)

CONTRACT UNIT: 5,000 BUSHELs (~127 metric tons)

PRICING QUOTATION: Cents per bushel in ¼ cent increments

OPTION QUOTATION: Cents per bushel in 1/8 cent increments

One cent per bushel value = US\$ 50.00

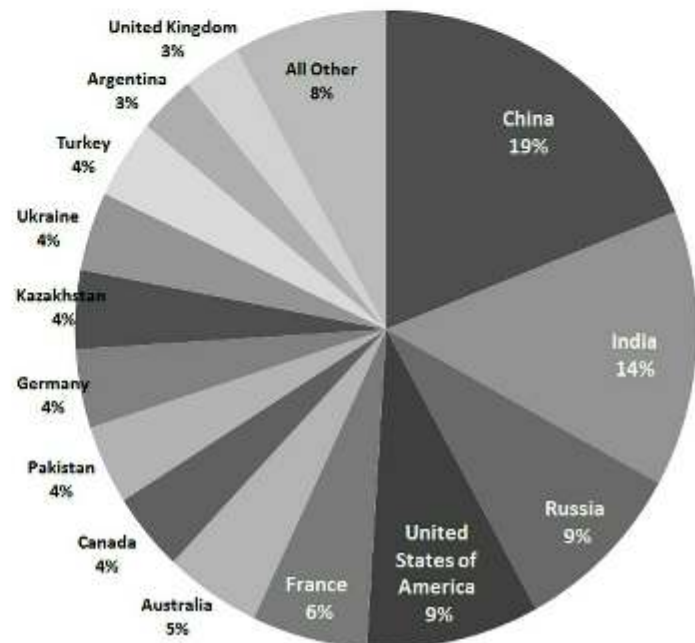
¼ cent = \$12.50 1/8 cent = \$6.25

As you can see on the pie chart, four countries produce about 50% of the world's wheat, and mostly in the Northern hemisphere.

CBOT Wheat trades the following contracts:

March (H), May (K), July (N), September (U) & December (Z)

World Wheat Production



Valuable USDA WASDE reports for Market Information

Crop yields, Acres Planted, and Price Forecasts

In 2017, the United States Department of Agriculture had a budget of 151 Billion dollars. A great deal of this money is spent on research and is available free to the public.

Around the 10th of each month they issue a vital statistical report on crop and price forecasts:

World Agricultural Supply Demand Estimates
(WASDE)

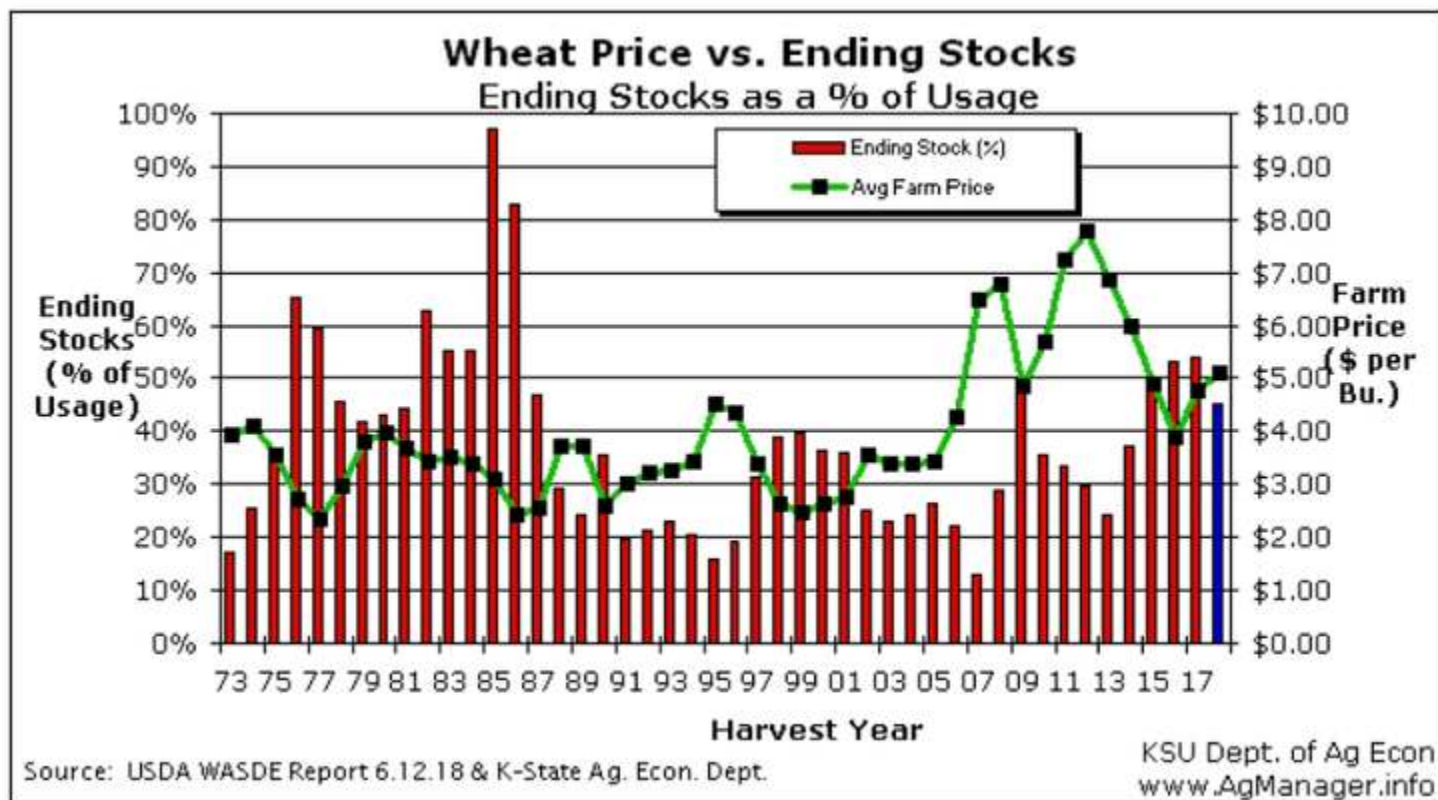


Logo: © by USDA

ACCURATE RESEARCH

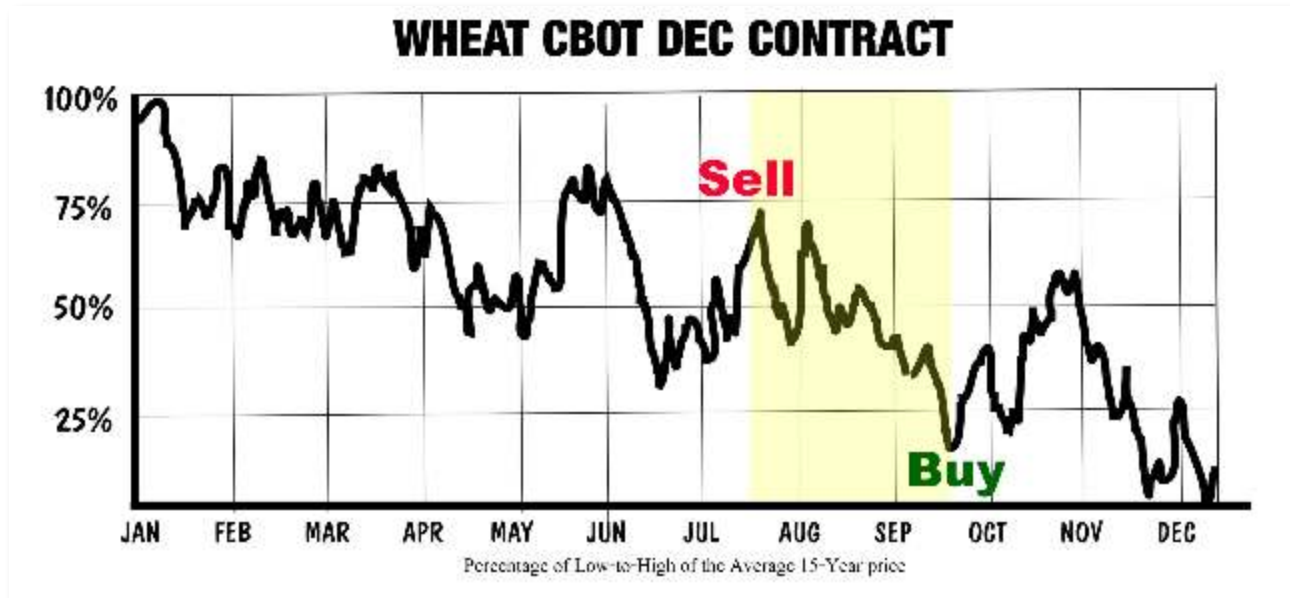
Supply-Demand and Crop Price Forecasts

Top Universities around the United States publish this information for the public -through their agricultural economic departments, like this wheat chart from [Kansas State University](#): [WEB-LINK HERE](#)



There are selected TIMED SEASONAL TRADES that many traders use around the calendar year. You can study the stats on them and look over lists of such trades for ideas. Below is an example of a popular seasonal Wheat trade.

In the Northern Hemisphere, Wheat (CBOT) prices often peak in summer and as the harvest progress into the fall harvest, Wheat priced in the December delivery month usually fall in price during a specific time period.



Thirteen out of the last 15 years (86%), this trade has profited an average of just over \$2,500. But if you think this looks too easy, you'd be right! The two years this trade failed spectacularly were 2007 and 2010 losing over \$11,000 and \$6,000 respectively. The average of the winning years has been about \$2,500, ranging from \$200 to over \$6,500.

Although a lot of people would think that an 86% chance of winning is pretty good, I won't touch it.

I won't do this trade because I found a much better way to trade this seasonal price pattern. As I write these words on July 2, 2018, the DEC-2018 CBOT Wheat contract is trading for a price of \$5.05 cents a bushel. The most recent USDA World Supply-Demand Estimates report suggests that Wheat prices this season will be near a range of \$4.50 to \$5.50 a bushel (see previous page.) Armed with both the seasonal price pattern and this information, I feel that selling a CALL option with a strike of \$7.00 is a high probability trade. My broker's software shows me there is a mathematical probability of 95.55% that this option will expire worthless on November 23, 2018. I just sold the options today for \$87.50 each. My initial margin requirement for the trade was \$214.75. There is a 95% chance I'll make an ROI of $(87.50 / 214.75) = 38.9\%$ (in only 144 days) after paying a commission cost of \$3.75 for the trade.

All I had to do is sell a CALL option at a strike-price where prices WON'T GO. Of course there is still risk to this trade, only not as much - as my odds went from 85% to over 95%. This is an Ultra-Low Delta High-Probability strategy that can consistently make money.

Most types of trading try to predict where prices WILL go. I make money selling options because I do the opposite. I try to sell option strikes where prices probably WON'T go. This is so much easier to do, and the success rate is much higher. More examples coming up.

How to Gain High-Probability Odds by Selling Selected Commodity Options.

Inherent advantages of Selling Commodity Options:

- 1) High Leverage / SPAN minimum margins.
- 2) 75 to 80% of all options expire worthless anyway. Knowing what you're doing increases that a lot.
- 3) Traders can use Seasonal Price Patterns for informed trading.
- 4) Very low commissions allow extremely far Out-of-the-Money strikes to be sold.
- 5) Free information provided by USDA and EIA for accurate and inexpensive research.
- 6) Free information from the ag economic departments of participating major universities.
- 7) Excellent FREE powerful software provided by online brokers to assist option trading.
- 8) Using free broker software, the trader can select only options with a 90% to 95% probability of expiring worthless.

The Simple Option-Selling Objective:

To use information from seasonal price patterns on ag commodities and fundamental market research to identify far Out-of-the-Money option strikes that have a probability of over 90%-95% of being worthless on their expiration date. The seller of these options collects the option premium (price) when they are sold. The goal is to either close the trade with profits or to let the options merely expire worthless so the seller of the option keeps the credit received.



Making Money While You Sleep Using the Time-Decay Value of Selected Options



This short strangle trade sold a CALL and a PUT option for \$140 that has a 98% chance of expiring worthless. The initial margin requirement was only \$150.

*A lot of things have changed lately.
So has Investing.*

[Read More.... See the full article HERE](#)



Let's Do the Math

These people probably don't know it but they are playing the worst odds game in the entire casino. A majority of any casino's profits are made from slot machines. Your chances of winning at blackjack, craps, and roulette, are TWICE that of slot machines.

According to the Nevada Gaming Commission (2016) each slot machine in working order earns \$220 per day. In 2016, slots in just in Nevada earned a total of \$7,066,306,000 (7 billion.) The casinos are never going to put up a sign that says, "Caution: You are twice as likely to lose playing slots than any other game you choose."

What if the casino manager met you at the door and said, "Sorry, you are not smart or educated enough to play anything but slot machines." Nearly all investment advisors are quick to tell you that any type of commodity trading is extremely risky and that you have no business trying it. The truth is they don't know much about it.

The next time someone tells you commodity investing is too complicated, you're not smart enough, it's just too risky - and you can't afford it, you just tell them that a lot of things have changed lately, and so has personal investing on-line. It's called Digital Progress.

Two of the most profitable businesses in the world are casinos and insurance companies. Now you can use similar math as they do in your personal investing.



In personal investing, the difference between buying options and being a SELLER of options is like the difference between being the GAMBLER and THE HOUSE.

Please READ ON.....

When you Know more.... You are Worth more.



Selling Commodity Options for Income

Why Haven't You Heard About This Before?

When you watch TV financial channels, you rarely if ever - hear much about futures and commodity option trading. It doesn't work for them to broadcast to such a small niche as commodity option sellers - a domain that has been used almost exclusively by the wealthy who could pay professionals to do it for them.

Online brokers now offer free new powerful software that makes using these sophisticated strategies easily available to the personal investor. The art of trade selection has evolved to create new opportunities for small and medium investors who are willing to step up their game.

The commodity markets trade over 400 times the value of the entire stock exchange market every day. New technology has opened the doors to a whole new investment arena.

The stock market is not the only game in town anymore. Digital progress has happened. The next time someone tells you commodity trading is too complicated and risky for you, you tell them what Warren Buffett said, "Risk comes from not knowing what you are doing."

***A lot of things have changed lately.
So has investing.***

Mankind first walked the Earth about 200,000 years ago. If 200 thousand years was reduced down to one hour, the cell phone you own would have been invented .18 seconds ago, about the time it takes to blink your eyes.



**A lot of things have changed lately.
So has investing.**



The **INSANE MODE** button in the new Tesla has the auto accelerating from 0 to 60 mph in only 2.39 seconds.

Objective of the strategy: Sell an option that is likely to expire worthless. This option should be so far Out-of-the-Money (OTM), that it has more than a 90% chance of expiring worthless. For selection use historical price trends and knowledge of fundamental market information that support the belief that the JULY18 Corn futures will likely not reach a price of 480 cents/bushel before expiration.

How can we get such high-probability trades? Because, unlike traditional trading, we are not trying to guess correct prices in time and amplitude. *We are only trying to determine where prices are very likely NOT to go.* This option expired worthless and we kept the \$100 per option. To win the trade: Prices could go down, stay the same, or just not go up more than 80 cents/bushel. Trying to guess price and amplitude is the hard way. This is the easy way.



These types of returns are rarely available with stock options. The article beginning on the next page will explain why that is. This is a strategy that professional traders have used for years, but now with discount commissions and free powerful software from your broker - is now easily done by personal investors. *My newsletter is the only one of its kind - that teaches this strategy with trades specifically for small and medium investors by posting my personal trades in real time - and talking you through the strategy one trade at a time.* You won't get rich quick, but you learn a strategy that works and be able to use it again and again for income - for the rest of your life.



EDUCATION

EXPERIENCE



If You've Been Trading Stock Options Maybe It's Time to Consider the Advantages of Commodity Options

While many stock options can require 15 to 20 times the premium collected, the unique SPAN minimum margin system used in futures can be a much smaller multiple. For example, it is not uncommon for an option to be sold for \$400 and require only \$600 of margin, a ratio of 1.5 to one. Of course, a trader must consider a corresponding risk, which brings me to the next reason.



LARGER PREMIUMS for FAR Out-of-the-Money STRIKES

The farther out-of-the-money the less risk. To get a good premium on equity options, the strikes have to be very close to the money. Commodity option can be available with what I call Ultra-Low Deltas as the strikes are often 40% to 60% out-of-the-money from the underlying futures contract price. Selecting only options that are highly likely to expire worthless is the key to finding good trades.

COLLECT HIGHER PREMIUMS



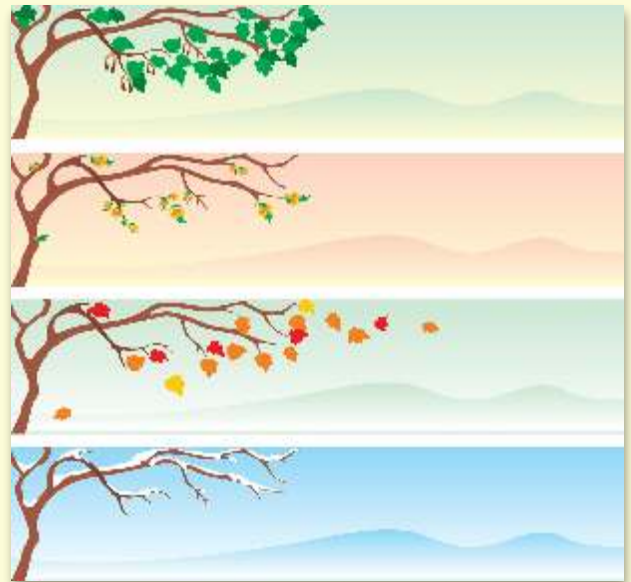
Diversity from the Stock Market

Every trading day, commodities trade over 40 times the value of stock market trading. Trying to guess the short-term movement of stocks can be extremely difficult and frustrating in today's very volatile markets.



Seasonal Price Patterns and Market Fundamentals Inform Price Ranges

About 75% to 80% of all options expire worthless; that's why we become option sellers in the first place. Using informed trades and far OTM, highly leveraged commodity options is fast becoming a popular alternative to writing stock options or day trading stocks for income.



Use Your Experience & Knowledge of Option Trading in The Smartest Way Possible

CONSIDER ALL THESE ADVANTAGES OF COMMODITY OPTIONS

1. Higher Leverage
2. Lower Margins (SPAN Minimum)
3. Larger Premiums
4. Diversity from the Stock Market
5. Seasonal Price Patterns & Fundamental Value

*A lot of things have changed lately.
So has Investing.*



If you'd like to know more....

SEASONAL COMMODITY TRADING
Ultra-Low Delta High-Probability Trading

SellingCommodityOptions.com

Please visit my [Blog](#). It features real trades, charts, commentary, tips on money management for your account, and more. This blog with your free trial newsletter - has a lot of valuable information.



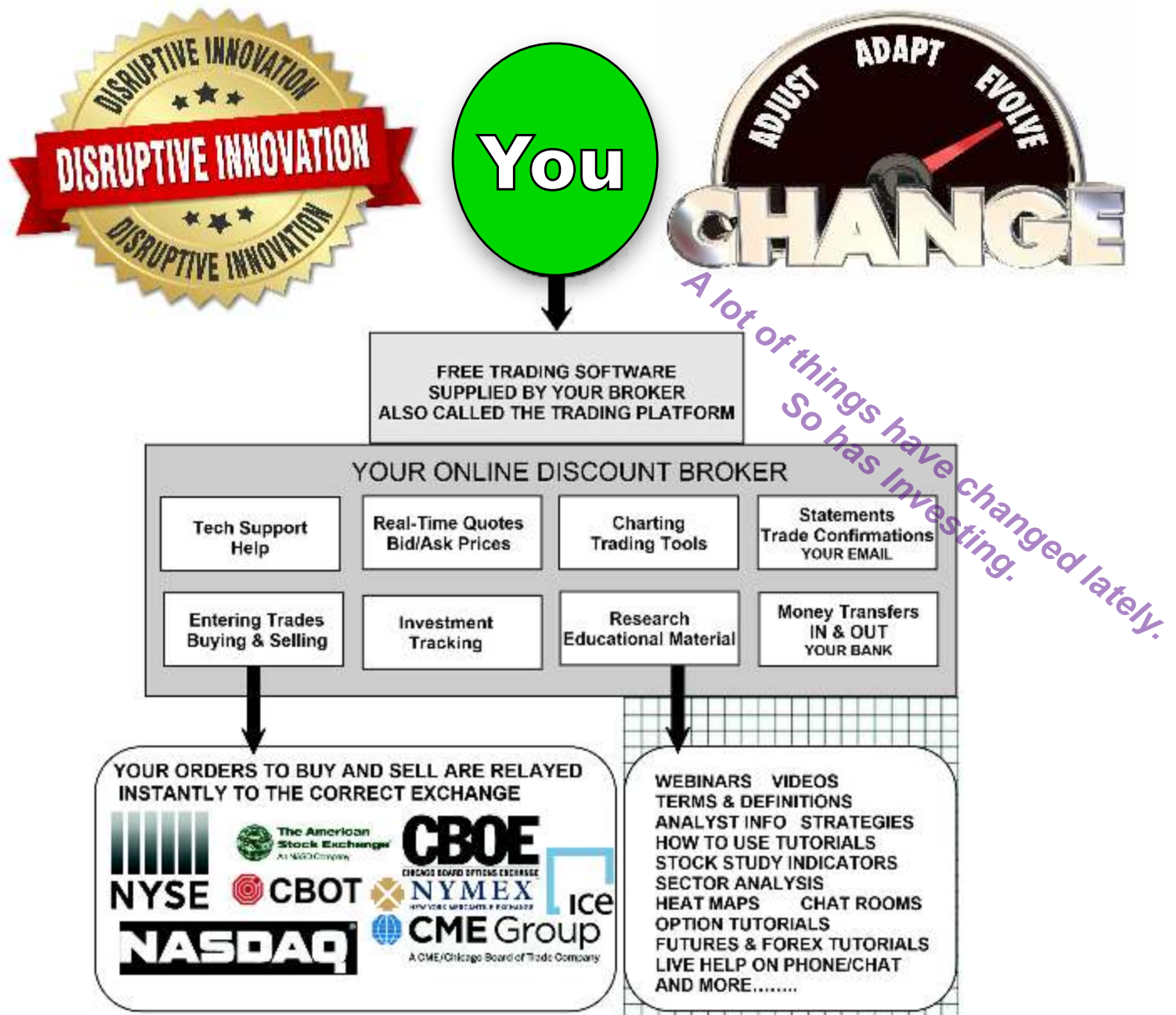
THINGS HAVE CHANGED

A lot of personal investors are choosing to endure stock market volatility only with their *long-term* investments. Many traders have evolved to commodity option selling - a viable income alternative to the stock market. Maybe it's time to step up your game.

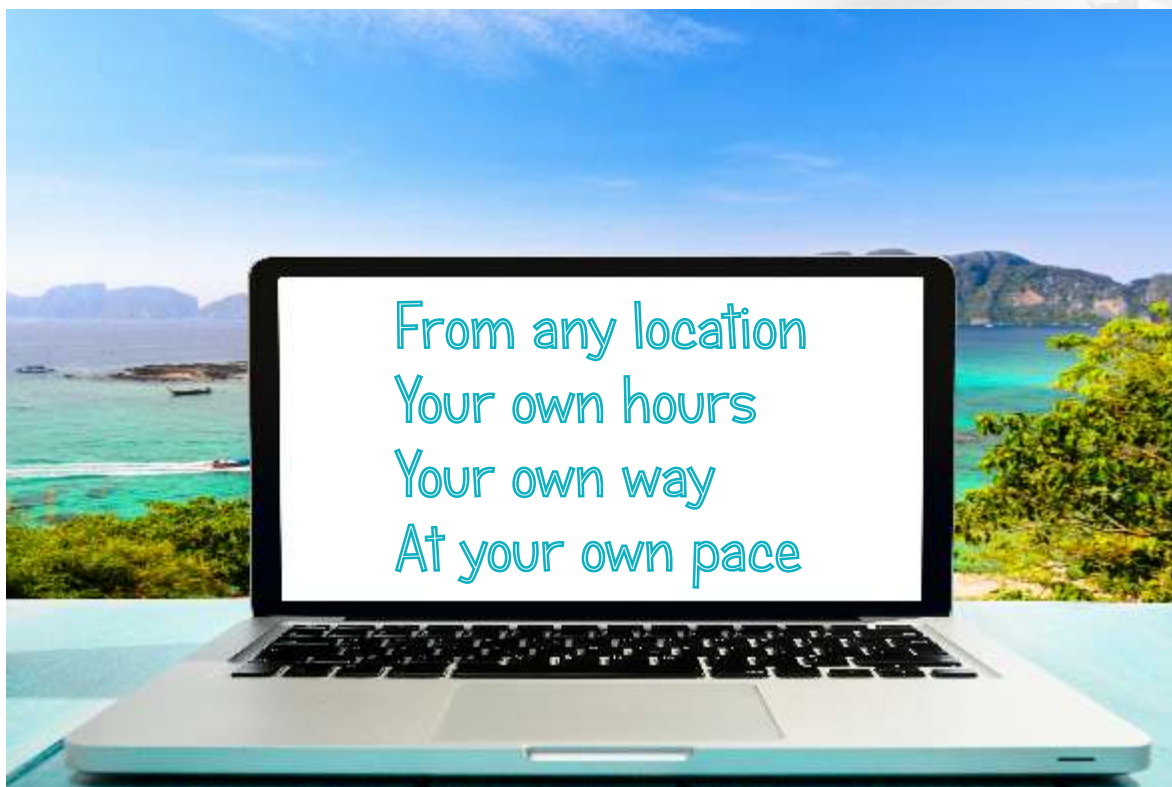
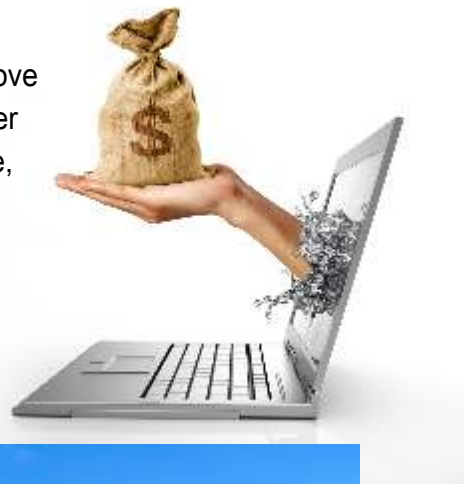


Digital Progress Means the Stock Market is Not the Only Game in Town Anymore

Many reputable on-line brokers will give you most of these services FREE and allow you to trade with commissions under \$5.00 a trade.



Selling Commodity Options isn't for everyone. It takes a bit of study to move towards the possible rewards. You be doing something most people never even heard of. Less than 3% of stock traders, trade options. And of those, very few ever learn commodity futures and options. Although we trade in a little more sophisticated way, the principles are actually very simple. We use the law of large numbers much the same way that insurance companies and casinos do. When you learn more, you are worth more.



When you consider five to six years of time and 10's of thousands of dollars in student loans as a good investment in yourself, consider what a few days of study, some self discipline, a computer, and free powerful software connected to broadband can do for your financial future. Investing in yourself is always the best investment of all.

Set Yourself Free

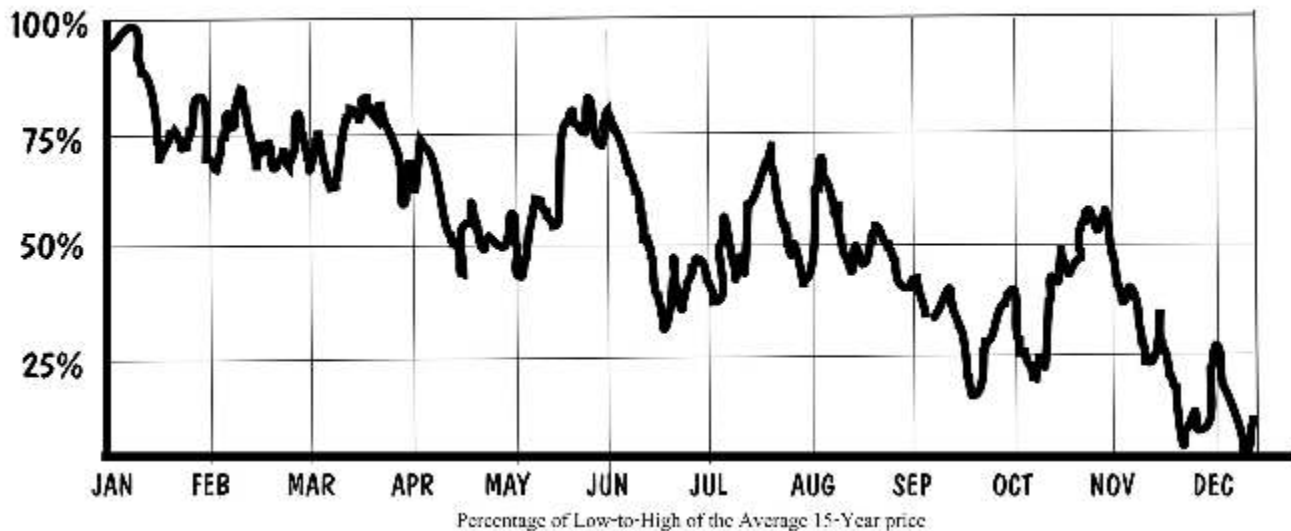


Get 5-months of my personal trades FREE. The most recent 3-months of trades and the next two months in real-time (same day). Each trade includes charts historical price information, fundamental analysis, and my commentary. Try it now, no credit/debit card, just your name and email that's it. I don't have to prove anything to you because you will be the judge. <http://TimeFarming.com>

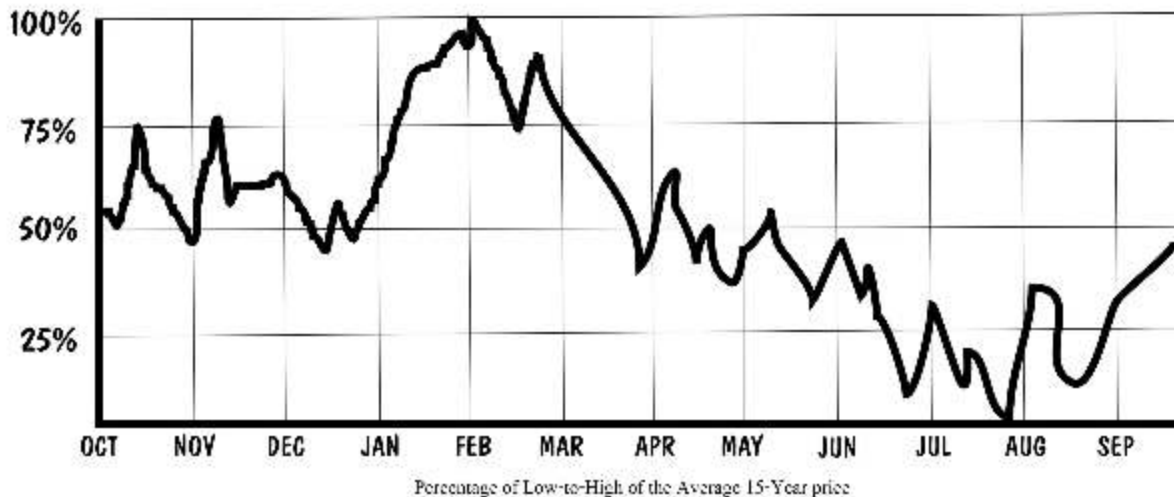
As promised: Your 14 Historical Commodity Price Pattern Charts FREE

Caution: Commodity trading can be very risky. *Just trading with price patterns like these is not enough.* It takes an understanding of commodity analysis and option trading strategies to become proficient. The commentary and examples in this document are for teaching purposes only and are not intended to be a trading or trade advisory service. Any investments, trades, and/or speculations made in light of the ideas, opinions, and/or forecasts, expressed or implied herein on the web site and/or newsletter, are committed at your own risk, financial or otherwise. Trading with leverage could lead to greater loss than your initial deposit. Trade at your own risk. Investors and traders are responsible for their own investment/trading decisions including entries, exits, position, sizing and use of stops or lack thereof. This is not a trade advisory service and is for educational purposes only. Some of the charts in this section have been used in examples throughout this document.

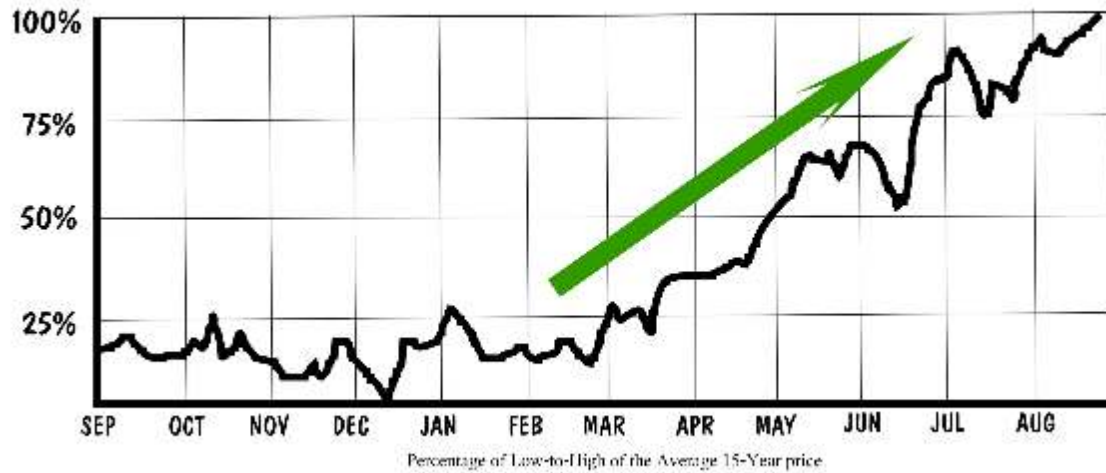
WHEAT CBOT DEC CONTRACT



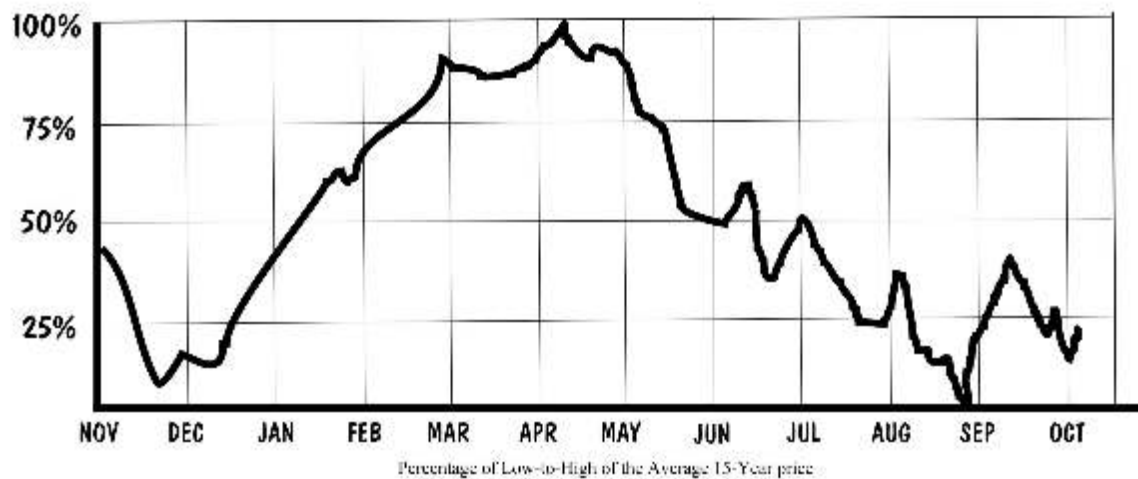
COFFEE SEP CONTRACT



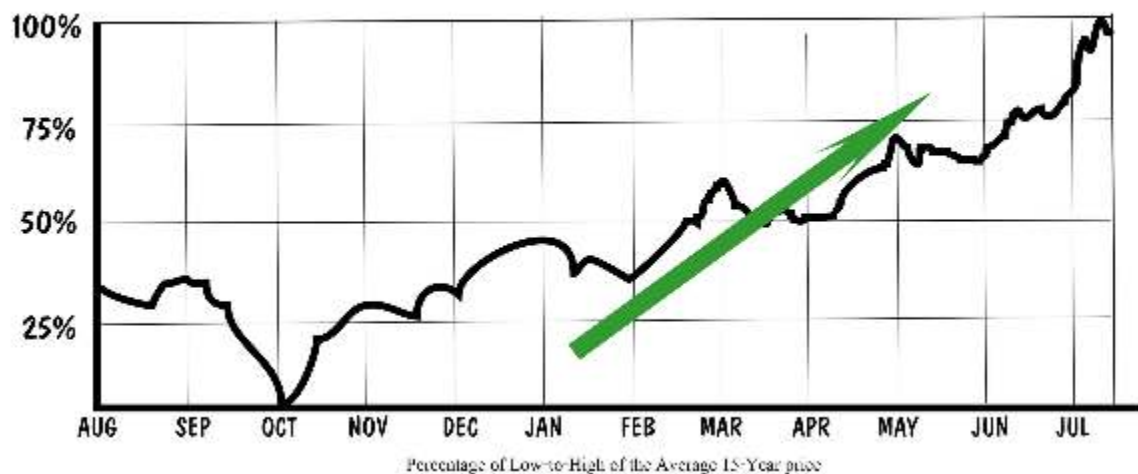
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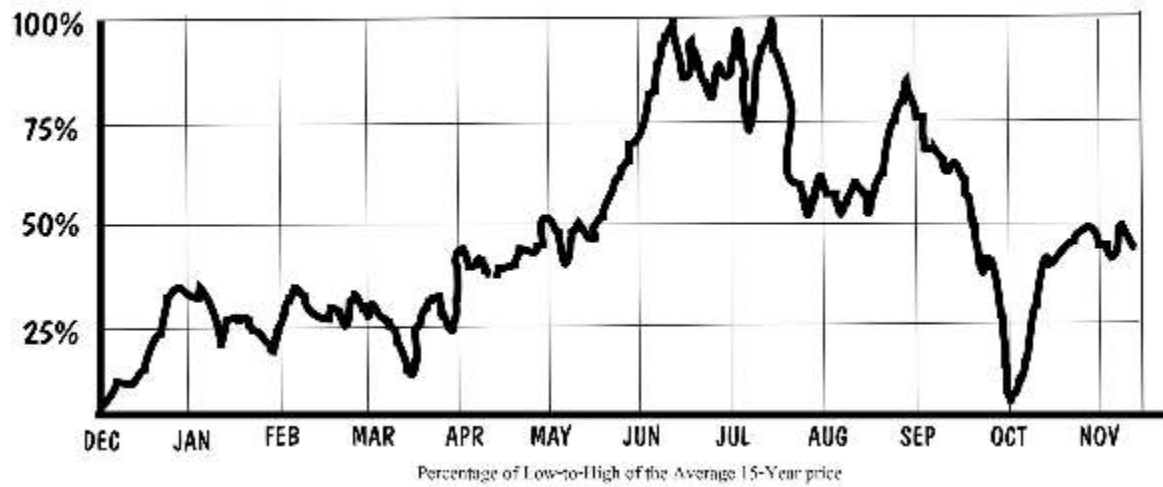
COTTON OCT CONTRACT



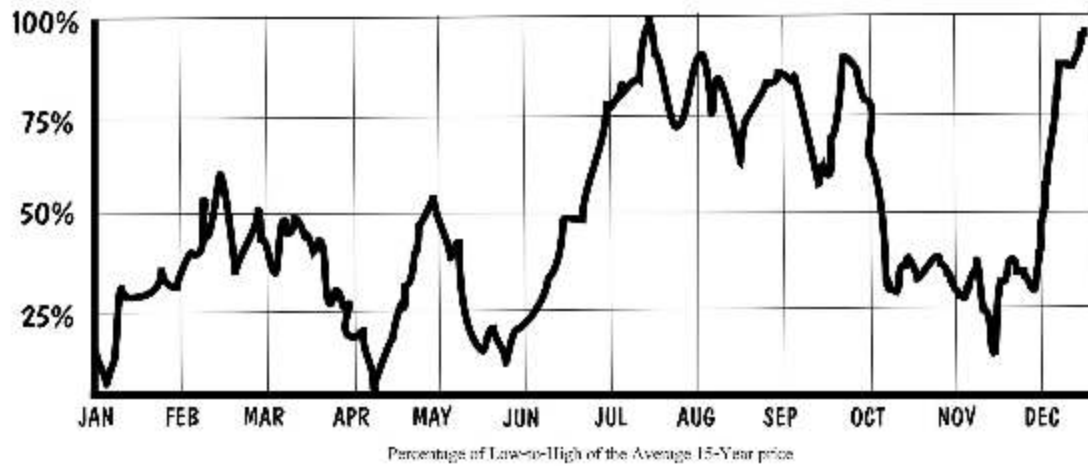
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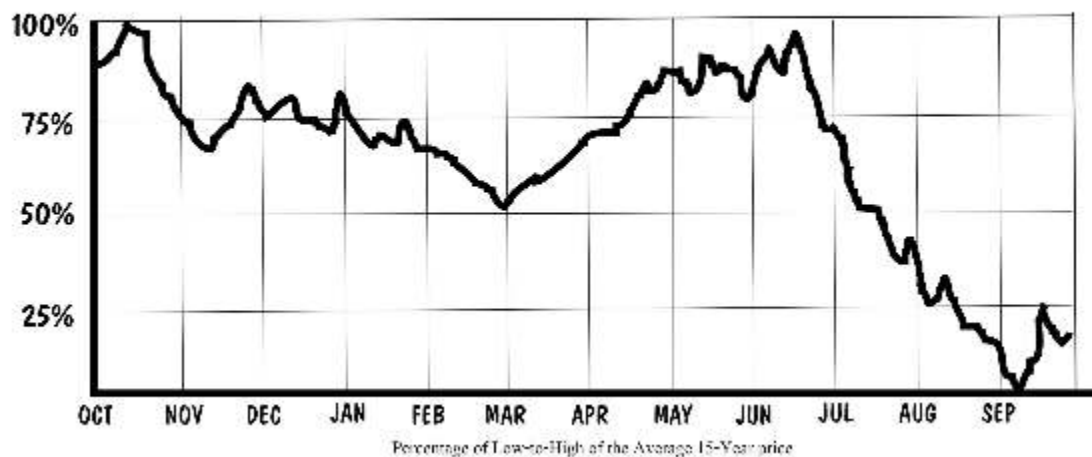
SOYBEANS NOV CONTRACT



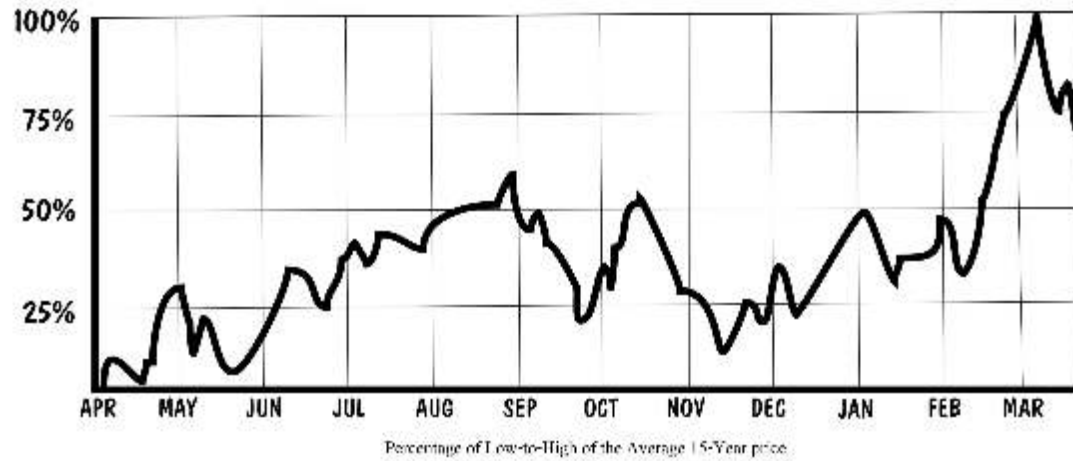
COCOA DEC CONTRACT



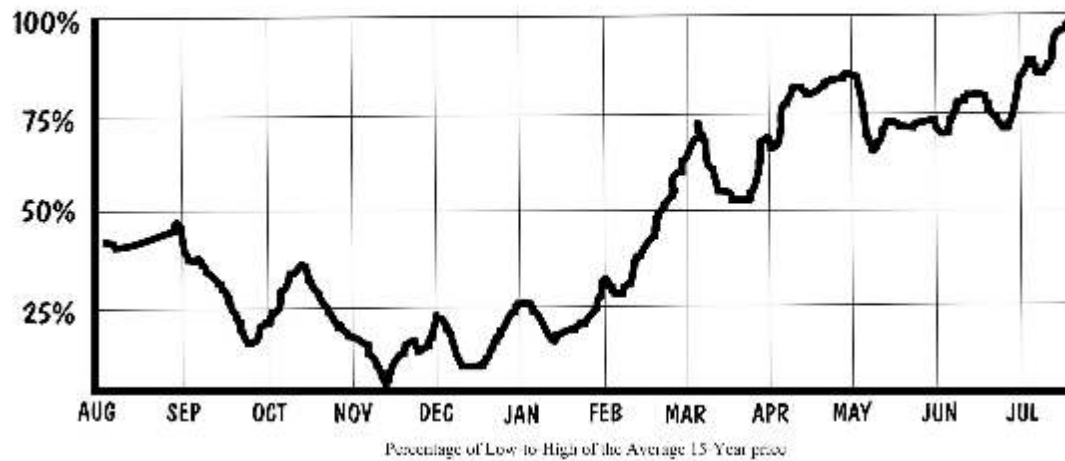
NATURAL GAS OCT CONTRACT



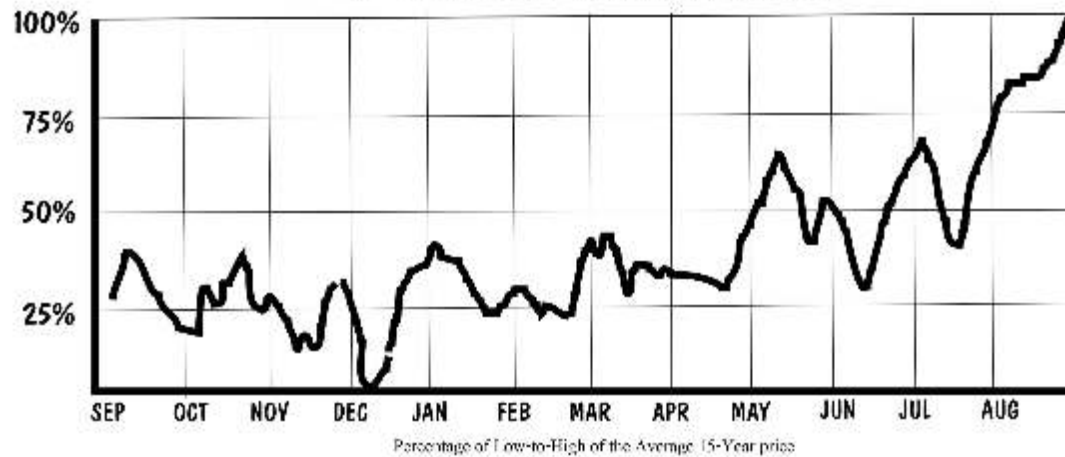
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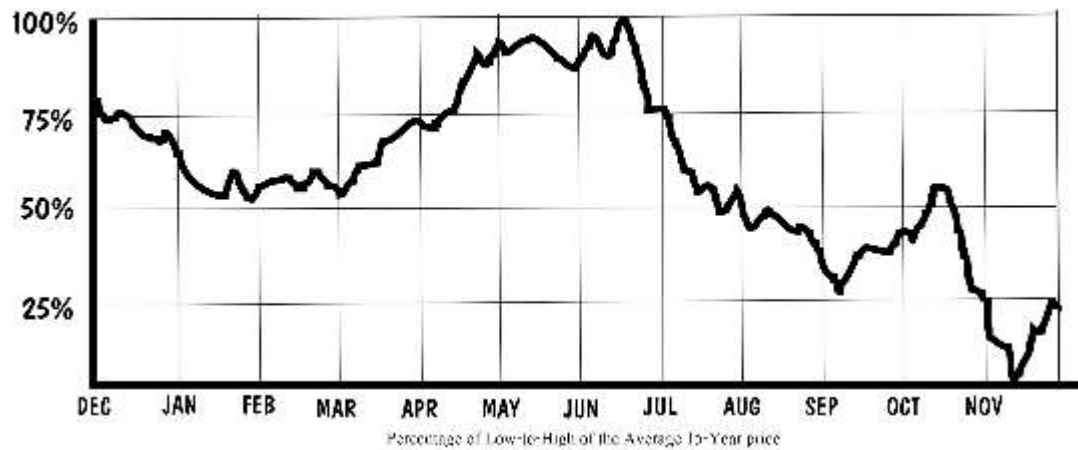
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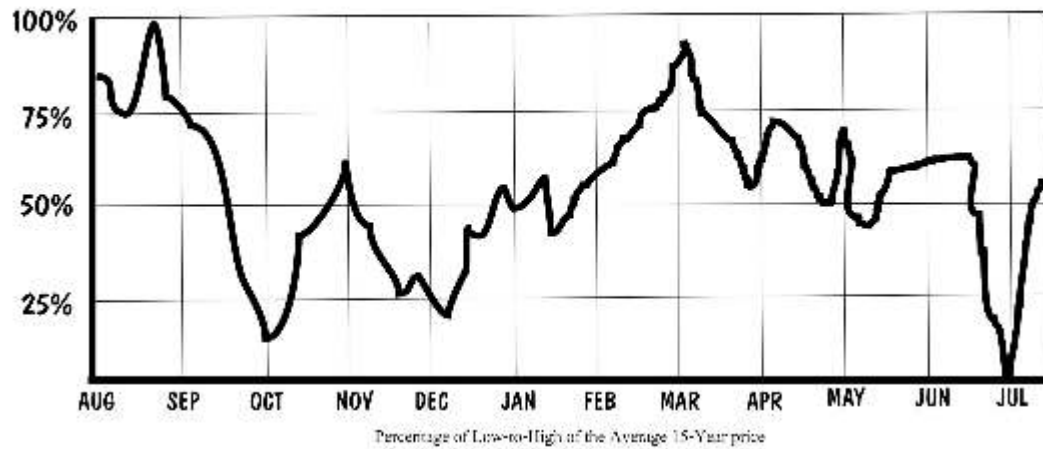
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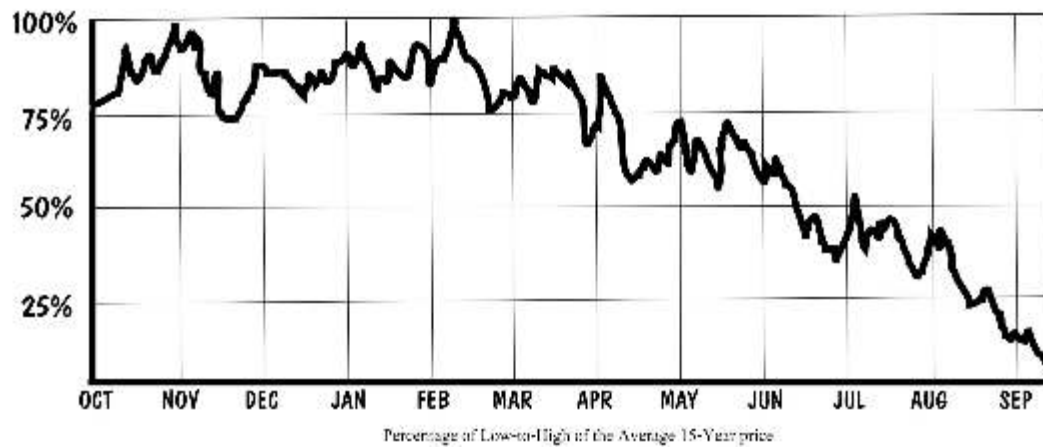
NATURAL GAS DEC CONTRACT



CORN JUL CONTRACT



WHEAT KCBT SEP CONTRACT



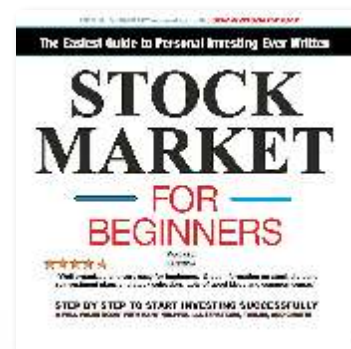
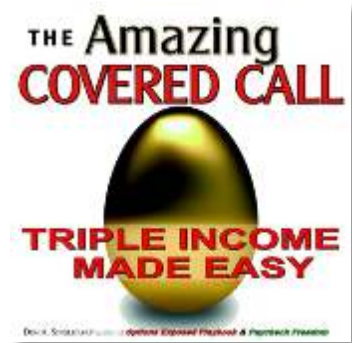
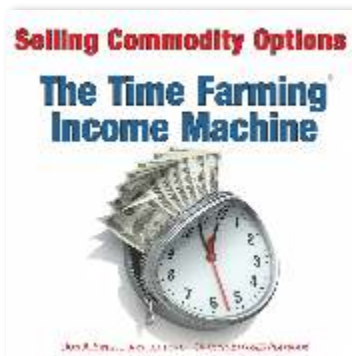
Thank you. Your feedback, comments, and questions are welcomed. Here's the link to my blog and my contact information. -Don A. Singletary

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★★★★★ Beginner's Guide to Investing Awesomeness

April 18, 2017

Format: Kindle Edition | Verified Purchase

A great beginner's guide to all things stock market and investing. As a total novice to this field, I found the book devoid of much of the fluff of other books in this field. A great intro guide (and strategic manual) for stock market success.

This **Stock Market for Beginners** is perfect for teenagers, young adults, and anyone who can benefit from a very plain language primer to learn the basics of stock investing. **Lists of good dividend stocks, dividend re-investment plans and how to buy stocks commission free from companies.** Emphasis is on starting as young as possible. This book is used at selected schools in the Atlanta area. (under \$10 and free Prime shipping.) This is the *Easiest Guide to Personal Investing Ever Written* with many quotes of Warren Buffett, Peter Lynch, and others.